

Drug Information Sheet("Kusuri-no-Shiori")

Injection

Revised: 11/2024

The information on this sheet is based on approvals granted by the Japanese regulatory authority. Approval details may vary by country. Medicines have adverse reactions (risks) as well as efficacies (benefits). It is important to minimize adverse reactions and maximize efficacy. To obtain a better therapeutic response, patients should understand their medication and cooperate with the treatment.

Brand name: MaQaid OPTHALMIC INJECTION 40mg [vitreous visualization in vitreous surgery]

Active ingredient: Triamcinolone acetonide

Dosage form: injection

Imprint or print on wrapping:



Effects of this medicine

This medicine adheres to clear vitreous and makes the vitreous visible.

It is usually used for vitreous visualization in vitreous surgery.

The following patients may need to be careful when using this medicine. Be sure to tell your doctor and pharmacist.

- If you have previously experienced any allergic reactions (itch, rash, etc.) to any medicines or foods.
- If you are pregnant or breastfeeding.
- If you are taking any other medicinal products. (Some medicines may interact to enhance or diminish medicinal effects. Beware of over-the-counter medicines and dietary supplements as well as other prescription medicines.)

Dosing schedule (How to take this medicine)

• Your dosing schedule prescribed by your doctor is((to be written by a healthcare professional))

• In general, this medicine is injected into the eye (intravitreal injection).

Precautions while taking this medicine

- If you want to consult another doctor or purchase other medicine at a pharmacy tech, make sure to tell your doctor or pharmacist that you are using this medicine.
- This medicine may cause endophthalmitis. If any of symptoms such as eye pain, heaviness in the eyes, foreign body sensation in the eyes, consult with your doctor or pharmacist.
- It is necessary to measure intraocular pressure regularly because intraocular pressure may increase.
- This medicine may cause cataract. If any of symptoms such as dazzling, hazy, reduced visual acuity occur, consult with your doctor or pharmacist.

Possible adverse reactions to this medicine

The most commonly reported adverse reactions include increased intraocular pressure and intraoperative hypotension. If any of these symptoms occur, consult with your doctor or pharmacist.

The symptoms described below are rarely seen as initial symptoms of the adverse reactions indicated in brackets. If any of these symptoms occur, stop taking this medicine and see your doctor immediately.

- eye pain, heaviness in the eyes, foreign body sensation in the eyes [endophthalmitis]

The above symptoms do not describe all the adverse reactions to this medicine. Consult with your doctor or pharmacist if you notice any symptoms of concern other than those listed above.

Storage conditions and other information

For healthcare professional use only / /

For further information, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

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Brand name:MaQaid OPTHALMIC INJECTION 40mg [diabetic macular edema]

Active ingredient:Triamcinolone acetonide

Dosage form:injection

Imprint or print on wrapping:



Effects of this medicine

This medicine reduces eye inflammation complicated with diabetes mellitus, relieves swelling of retina and improves visual acuity.

It is usually used to treat diabetic macular edema.

The following patients may need to be careful when using this medicine.Be sure to tell your doctor and pharmacist.

- If you have previously experienced any allergic reactions (itch, rash, etc.) to any medicines or foods.
If you have or are suspected of having infection in eyes or around eyes.
If you are in such a case as ocular pressure lowering medicine is insufficient.
- If you are pregnant or breastfeeding.
- If you are taking any other medicinal products. (Some medicines may interact to enhance or diminish medicinal effects. Beware of over-the-counter medicines and dietary supplements as well as other prescription medicines.)

Dosing schedule (How to take this medicine)

- Your dosing schedule prescribed by your doctor is((to be written by a healthcare professional))
- In general, this medicine is injected into the eye (intravitreal injection) or at the back of the eye (sub-Tenon injection). It may be reinjected after an interval of 3 months or more.
- In order to prevent infection at the injection site, apply an antibacterial eyedrop from prior to use to 3 days after use as instructed by the doctor.

Precautions while taking this medicine

- If you want to consult another doctor or purchase other medicine at a pharmacy, make sure to tell your doctor or pharmacist that you are using this medicine.
- In the case of intravitreal injection (vitreous body) : Things may appear dim, things like black spots, small rubbish or sometimes a ring may appear to move in front of the eyes (myodesopsia). Do not operate machinery or drive a car until the symptoms have resolved.
- In the case of intravitreal injection (vitreous body) and sub-Tenon injection (back of the eye) : Periodic observation is needed, especially for eyes with no history of cataract surgery, because cataract may develop or worsen.
- In the case of intravitreal injection (vitreous body) and sub-Tenon injection (back of the eye) : It is necessary to measure intraocular pressure regularly because intraocular pressure may increase.
- In the case of intravitreal injection (vitreous body) and sub-Tenon injection (back of the eye) : It is necessary to measure blood sugar level regularly because diabetes may worsen.
- In the case of sub-Tenon injection (back of the eye) : This medicine may cause infectious scleritis. If you experience any abnormalities of symptoms such as eye pain, eye bloodshot, lacrimation, consult with your doctor or pharmacist.

Possible adverse reactions to this medicine

In the case of intraocular (intravitreal) injection, the most commonly reported adverse reactions include increased intraocular pressure, cataract, myodesopsia, reduced visual acuity and intravitreal medicine diffusion (foggy vision, myodesopsia). In the case of injection into the back of the eye (subtenon), the most commonly reported adverse reactions include increased intraocular pressure, decreased blood cortisol (loss of appetite/reduction in appetite, general malaise), cataract and conjunctival congestion. If any of these symptoms occur, consult with your doctor or pharmacist.

The symptoms described below are rarely seen as initial symptoms of the adverse reactions indicated in brackets. If any of these symptoms occur, stop taking this medicine and see your doctor immediately.

- dazzling, hazy, reduced visual acuity [cataract]
- headache [increased intraocular pressure]
- eye pain, heaviness in the eyes, foreign body sensation in the eyes [endophthalmitis]
- hazy, reduced visual acuity, vision is lacking and narrowing, eye pain, headache [glaucoma]

• eye pain, eye bloodshot, lacrimation [infectious scleritis]

The above symptoms do not describe all the adverse reactions to this medicine. Consult with your doctor or pharmacist if you notice any symptoms of concern other than those listed above.

Storage conditions and other information

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For further information, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.

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Brand name:MaQaid OPTHALMIC INJECTION 40mg [macular edema complicated with retinal vein occlusion and noninfectious uveitis]

Active ingredient:Triamcinolone acetonide

Dosage form:injection

Imprint or print on wrapping:



Effects of this medicine

This medicine reduces eye inflammation complicated with retinal vein occlusion and noninfectious uveitis, relieves swelling of retina and improves visual acuity.

It is usually used to treat macular edema complicated with retinal vein occlusion and noninfectious uveitis.

The following patients may need to be careful when using this medicine. Be sure to tell your doctor and pharmacist.

- If you have previously experienced any allergic reactions (itch, rash, etc.) to any medicines or foods. If you are in such a case as ocular pressure lowering medicine is insufficient.
- If you are pregnant or breastfeeding.
- If you are taking any other medicinal products. (Some medicines may interact to enhance or diminish medicinal effects. Beware of over-the-counter medicines and dietary supplements as well as other prescription medicines.)

Dosing schedule (How to take this medicine)

- Your dosing schedule prescribed by your doctor is((to be written by a healthcare professional))
- In general, this medicine is injected at the back of the eye (sub-Tenon injection). It may be reinjected after an interval of 3 months or more.
- In order to prevent infection at the injection site, apply an antibacterial eyedrop from prior to use to 3 days after use as instructed by the doctor.

Precautions while taking this medicine

- If you want to consult another doctor or purchase other medicine at a pharmacy, make sure to tell your doctor or pharmacist that you are using this medicine.
- Periodic observation is needed, especially for eyes with no history of cataract surgery, because cataract may develop or worsen.
- It is necessary to measure intraocular pressure regularly because intraocular pressure may increase.
- It is necessary to measure blood sugar level regularly because diabetes may worsen.
- This medicine may cause infectious scleritis. If you experience any abnormalities of symptoms such as eye pain, eye bloodshot, lacrimation, consult with your doctor or pharmacist.

Possible adverse reactions to this medicine

The most commonly reported adverse reactions include increased intraocular pressure, decreased blood cortisol (loss of appetite/reduction in appetite, general malaise), cataract and conjunctival congestion. If any of these symptoms occur, consult with your doctor or pharmacist.

The symptoms described below are rarely seen as initial symptoms of the adverse reactions indicated in brackets. If any of these symptoms occur, stop taking this medicine and see your doctor immediately.

- dazzling, hazy, reduced visual acuity [cataract]
- headache [increased intraocular pressure]
- hazy, reduced visual acuity, vision is lacking and narrowing, eye pain, headache [glaucoma]
- eye pain, eye bloodshot, lacrimation [infectious scleritis]

The above symptoms do not describe all the adverse reactions to this medicine. Consult with your doctor or pharmacist if you notice any symptoms of concern other than those listed above.

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For further information, talk to your doctor or pharmacist.